VOLUME VII.---NUMBER 1040.

### BY TELEGRAPH.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE NEWS.]

COLUMBIA, April 23 -In the Supresse Court to-day the argument was closed in the negro bond case, Messrs. Noble and Thomas speaking in support of their validating, and General McGowan closing in reply for the other side.

SPRAGUE AND ABBOTT-REJECTION OF QUARERS

WASHINGTON, April 23 .- Senator Sprague's words, which offended Abbott, were: "Mr. President, in answer to the tirade of the sena tor from Nevada and the senator from North Carolina. I am reminded of a little illustration In my travels from the centre here into the rural districts through the woods and farms of the surrounding neighborhood, chance at one time brought me to a farm-house. I discovered on looking up a large mastiff and a mongrel puppy-dog. The little dog moved on ma with rapidity from behind, bit at my heels, and then frightened at his temerity, ran howling away, followed by his larger companion. The Sanate will observe that the mongrel whining puppy, en souraged by the mastiff and emboldened to make the attack from the shadow of his backer, ran rapidly away alarmed at his temerity, whilst the overgrown cur followed after, with ears flapped and tail between his legs, to a place of safety beside his menaced

ed to horsewhip Sprague unless he retracted. In the Senate last night, Abbott said: "When I arose in the executive session some time ago to ask that the doors be opened, I said that I did not intend to utter anything unbecoming this floor. What I did intend to do was to ask the senator from Rhode Island if he intended to apply the term puppy to me as is implied in the connection of that language. If he did intend to apply it to me, my purpose was to ask him for a retraction as full as the implication of the language, and, if he refused that retraction, my intention was to ask for satisfaction out of this chamber. I now, sir, give notice, inasmuch as the senator has skulked out of the chamber, that I intend to have satisfaction outside of the chamber."

Sumner called Abbott to order, and after

There was a false report that Sprague left town early this morning, and that Abbott was absent from his usual haunts; but it is now known that Sprague has been at home all the morning, and has not heard from Abbott.

to-day; he gives a dinner-party to-night. No definite report has been received of Abbott's movements or intentions.

dent and the Wells' wing of the Virginia Republicans failed to-day. There was a full Cabinet to-day.

The Austrian Minister Jay, having received ons, will sail on th

Secretary Boutwell will go to Boston until the middle of next month. Senator Morton is convalescent.

17th instant, inclusive, three-quarters of a Secretary Borie has issued orders, authorizing commandants of navy-yards to pay work-

a day's work ol eight hours. bids for gold, in sums of not less than \$5000.

The Senate rejected two of the twelve Qua Agents.

The Senate adjourned sine die at 1.80 this morning.

ed thin before on the subject. Prime Minister Serrano declared that the choice of Montpensier for King, or a declaration of a Republic were the only possible alternatives. General

MADRID, April 23 .- The Cortes have considered the newspaper laws, and the amendment establishing a modified censorship was rejected, and the original provision guaran teeing liberty of the press, freedom of meet ing and association, and right of petition, was adopted by a large majority.

duties on cotton and coal.

# MILAN, April 21 .- The government authori-

ties have discovered another formidable Mazzinian conspiracy in this city. Papers which were concealed by the revolutionists and which gave details of the organization have been unearthed and seized, together with a large amount of arms and ammunition. A number of the ringleaders have been arrested.

## SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

The Revenue officers at New Orleans have released all the whiskey seized on Wednesday Brigadier-General Miles D. McAlister, o the United States Army, Engineer Corps, is dead.

The Beneficial Savings Fund, of Philade phia, which was recently robbed, received half a million of the stolen registered bonds by express to-day, but no clue has yet been ob tained to the convertible property stolen.

A party, consisting of Colonel John W. For ney, of Washington, ex-Governor Marcus L. Ward, of New Jersey, General Van Wyck, of New York, and other prominent men from the North, arrived in Richmond yesterday. They will come as far South as Georgia.

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL. Sketch of the Negro Bond Case-Points of General McGowan's Argument.

I FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT. COLUMBIA, April 22.—The Supreme Court has been much interested in hearing the case of Margarite M. Calhoun, Duff G. Calhoun et al, ads. Floride Calhoun and Thomas G. Clempson, adr.-bili for foreclosure of mortgage. McGowan and Whaley for appellants; Noble and Thomson for appellees. The farm known as Fork Hill, the home place of John C. Calhoun, with fifty negroes and other personal property, was sold by his widow, Mrs. M. M. Calhoun, and daughter, to her son, A. P. Calhoun, in 1854, for \$49,000, with fifteen years allowed for payment, and the whole property was covered by a mortgage. A. P. Calhoun died shortly after intestate, and the appellants in the case were his heirs. None of the debt was paid up to 1865, when a bill was filed to foreclose the mortgage, the validity of which was discussed in court before Chancellor W. D. Johnson, who decreed in favor of the appellees; but an appeal was obtained, and the case is now before the Supreme Court. The main point a! issue is the validity of the contract for the fifty slaves, and it is certainly a case of momentous interest. The following are brief heads of the argument of General S. McGowan, without quoting the host of authorities or going into the argument at large, which was not based on mere technicalities, but on the spirit and broad intent of the law:

1. In every sale of slaves for full value, the seller warranted the title of the slaves against all defects, known and unknown, and the subsequent abrogation by the government of the laws establishing slavery, was a breach of that

covenant of warranty.

2. The loss of slaves by emancipation amounts to a failure of consideration, and where it occurred whilst contracts for slaves were executory, the court will not enforce them. because the thing purchased was not enjoyed. 3. Contracts for slaves are now made not only void but criminal, and the local provisions which made slavery legal and gave validity to

these contracts being abrogated, the courts will not now enforce them. 4 Such contracts will not be enforced here, because slavery is now against the policy of the realm, and it is as much the duty of courts to enforce the policy as the positive enactments of the State.

5. The Constitution of the State of South Carolina explicitly declares such contracts "null and void and of no effect."

6. The 4th section of the Fourteenth Amendment of the Constitution of the United States declares all claims for the emancipation of slaves "shall be held illegal and void." Mr. Wm. Whaley was heard to-day on the

same side. His main points have been sent you by telegraph.

### THE PHENIX AND GOVERNOR SCOTT'S CENSUS APPOINTMENTS.

[From the Anderson Intelligencer.] The Columbia Phoenix of Tuesday publishes a list of appointments made by Governor Scott of persons selected to take the consus of each of persons selected to take the consus of cach county in the State, and in connection therewith makes use of the following language: "The appointments will be generally approved, and we hope that in the discharge of their duttes these officials will meet with every facility which can be afforded by the citizens of our State." Now, when it is declared that one-third of the persons named are negroes, and the majority of them totally unqualified for the position, the statement of the Phoenix will be received with survivae and indigration. ed at the capital of the State, and with facilities to obtain information not excelled by another journal within its borders, the Phœnix makes journal within its borders, the Phoenix makes the grandest mistake in presuming that such appointments will be "generally approved." So far from this being the case, we incline to the opinion that they will be generally condemned. Heretofore, newspapers at the capital have been looked upon as the exponents of public sentiment throughout the State, but it ought to be distinctly understood that, in this instance, there is a lamentable failure to appreciate public sentiment, much less to give tone and direction to public opinion. Such appointments will not be "generally approved," now or hereafter, for the principle is wrong to confer office upon incompetent and unworthy persons, of whatever race or color.

conter office upon incompetent and unworthy persons, of whatever race or color.

We are not astonished by the course Governor Scott has pursued in making these appointments. He is cheek by jowl with the negroes, and if re-elected will owe his second elevation to their support. His appointment for this county is against the wishes of his own party, so far as we can learn, and we understand that a petition was circulating among the respectable colored people on yesterday, asking Governor Scott to reconsider the matter. There were other applications before him, we have been assured, and among them the name of T. J. Webb, who is entirely competent to fill the place, and possesses every qualification to meet the requirements of the Republican party, including loyalty itself. Besides, he was recommended by numerous citizens of both recommended by numerous citizens of both parties. Why were his claims ignored, and the office filled by a colored man not at all qualified? But, then, the Phoenix says such appointments will be "generally approved." Et tu Brute?

### LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

The Columbia Phonix, upon inquiry at the Treasury, has received the following statement of the funded debt of the State, and interest thereon, together with the assets to

Three per cent. State stock—principal, \$38,-836 60; interest, \$1,456 37. Siz er cent. fire loan—principal \$314,458 80; interest, \$23 584 04. Five per cent. bonds, fire loan—principal, \$484,444 51; interest, \$66,922 10. Six per cent. bonds and stocks funded—principal, \$1,282,-971 27; interest, \$96,834 01. Six per cent. new State House bonds—principal, \$2,286,600; interest, \$171,595. Six per cent. Blue Ridge Railroad bonds—principal, \$1,000,000; interest, \$15,000. Six per cent. redeeming notes of the Bank of the State—principal, \$1,033,900. Total principal, \$641,206 27; total interest, \$434,-791 52. Provision has been made to meet the interest up to July 1, 1868.

Assets of the State on 3ist October, 1868: Shares in Northeastern Bailroad Company,

Assets of the State on Sist October, 1868:
Shares in Northeastern Railroad Company,
\$120,090: shares in Spartanburg and Union
Railroad Company, \$250,000: shares in Pendleton Railroad Company, \$250,000: shares in Pendleton Railroad Company, \$250,000: shares in Pendleton Railroad Company, \$250,000: shares in
Greenville and Columbia Railroad Company,
\$4,333,960; shares in Blue Ridge Railroad Company, \$1,810,000; shares in Columbia and Augusta Bailroad Company, \$42,200; shares in
Cheraw and Coalfields Railroad Company, \$20,000; shares in Laurens Railroad Company, \$50,000; shares in South Carolina Railroad Company, \$24,000; shares in Charleston and Sayannan Railroad Company, \$270,000; shares in
Southwestern Railroad Bank, \$6000; shares in
Keo wee and Tuckassegge Turnpike Company,
\$6000. Total, \$2,754,660.

THE CHARLESTON NEWS AND GOVERNOR Scott.—The Charl stor News fearlessly ex-poses the high handed game which the so-called Governor of South Carolina has been called Governor of South Carolina has been practicing in the aiming of negroes. This great calumniator of the good people of South Carolina, not content with an attempt to bring about a suspension of the writ of habeas corpus in the upper portion of this State, has determined to arm and array the negroes against the whites, on pretence of organizing the militia, in pursuance of an act of the Legislature which he was instrumental in a great measure in causing to be passed. This attempt to bully the white people of South Carolina by negro soldlery will prove unavailing, and Governor Scott will find by experience that the people of this State will not dishonor the bones of their ancestors by submitting to such a disgrace. On another page we publish the arricles of The News referred to. We fully endorse every sentiment therein expressed. CHARLESTON, S. C., SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 24, 1869.

the President-Movements of the Filibusters-Letter from Havana-Review of the Revolt.

Advices from Washington say that it is now well known that a special agent has been sent to Cuba by the President, to investigate the situation there and report the results. The agent left several days ago. On the strength of this report will depend the action which is to be taken by our government with regard to the recognition of Cuban independence. The views of the agent who has been selected for this important mission are such that no circumstance will be lost sight of that will tend to present the affairs of the revolutionists in a favorable light.

The rumors regarding contemplated expeditions from the States to Cuba are not incorrect, and a force of formidable dimensions under the command of a prominent Western general, is being prepared. Attention is being diverted from the real port of embarkation by the publication of false places, and the real point has not been selected, but it will be neither at New Orleans nor New York. The insurgents' friends aver that we shall soon get the news of the recognition of the insurgents by Mexico and Pogota, and that their act will be soon followed by Chili, Colombia and Ecuador. A dispatch from Washington, in the Boston

Advertiser of the 19th instant, says:

Dispatches from Savannah lead the friends of the Cuban revolution here to believe that General J. B. Steedman has made a successful landing in Cuba with a picked force o' men. The expedition has been in preparation for a number of months. General Steedman himself spent two weeks in Havana, and during the latter part of the time was so far under arrest as to be ordered quietly by the Captain-General to report to him daily. The first rendezvous of his party was on one of the islands near New Orleans. When Admiral Hoff received his first orders the headquarters of the expedition were changed to a point on the Florida coast. A blockade-runner, captured from the rebels in the late war, was obtained, and the belief is that near one thousand men, well supplied with arms and thoroughly accustomed to their use, have made a landing on the Cuban shore.

For several weeks the Cubans in this city For several weeks the Cubans in this city have been quietly but assiduously working to aid their brother revolutionists in the field by the shipment of men, money and munitions to them. Volunteering is going on very rapidly, but very quietly, and the recruits are promptly forwarded in small detachments to Cuba. Very recently a full battery of field artillery, completely equipped and manned, was dispatched, and information has been received of its safe arrival.

A Washington telegram of the 21st inst. 2019.

A Washington telegram, of the 21st inst., says: Dispatches have been received here from Admiral Hoff, commanding the Guif squadron, in which he states that, as far as he has been able to ascertain, no troops or munitions of war of any account have been landed on the Island of Cuba. He also states that he has

Island of Cuba. He also states that he has failed to discover that any more have departed from the shores of the United States.

It is also stated that the Spanish minister here is of the opinion that in the case of the schooner Mary Powell, the Spanish authorities in Cuba will refer the demands of the United States Government to the home government in Spain before any action will be taken in the matter.

### The New York Herald says:

Secretary Fish on Tuesday was called upon by Senor Roberts, the Spanish Minister, who demanded that a proclamation discouraging filibustering expeditions from sailing to Cuba should be issued by the President. The Secretary promptly declined to do anything of the sort, and said that as there was a revolutionary organization in arms in Cuba, formed by the native Cubans under their own provisional

organization in aims in Cuba, formed by the native Cubans under their own provisional government, he could see no good reason to hinder the departure of any persons from this country who may choose to take up arms in their service. Minister Roberts, it is said, withdrew very much surprised, and afterwards submitted the same demand in writing.

In regard to the Mary Lowell affair, Secretary Fish has concluded that the British government is liable to us for permitting her to be captured in British waters, and he has therefore made representations to that effect to the British minister. As for the Lizzie Majors, however, several days ago he demanded full reparation and indemnity from the Spanish government through Senor Roberts, who conceded the justness of the claims, and guaranteed that Spain would make satisfactory reparation. He promised to lay the matter before his home government immediately, but yesterday he informed the Secretary that he had not heard from the government; since. The Secretary then diplomatically informed in that war would ensue if an answer was not forthcoming shortly.

A Review of the Progress of the Revo-lution. It is now six months since Carlos Manuel Despedes at Yara, in the Eastern Department of Cuba, began the revolution which now occupies the attention of the world. Then no one had faith in the Cubans. The earnestness of their purpose, their courage, their perseverance, their fighting qualities were doubted.

in the good opinion of mankind. The Spaniards have made three distinct

in the good opinion of mankind.

The Spaniards have made three distinct movements for the suppression of this revolt. The first was in the Eastern Department under Valmaseda. He was sent out from Havana to get possession of Bayamo, then the revolutionary headquarters. After immense difficulties and heavy losses, he arrived at his destination, with his decimated troops worn out with skivm.shes, which had never caused along their whole line of march. But the little town he was sent to subdue was burned by its people before he got there, and its occupation availed nothing toward the subjugation of the Cubans. On the contrary, he immediately found himself shut up there, surrounded by a watchful enemy, whom he could not bring to action, but who never ceased to pick off his outposts, harass his foraging parties, and capture his convoys. He is still at Bayamo, and keeps bodies of troops at Jibara, Holguin, and Jiguani; but he is just as far from controlling the department as he was the day be landed at Nuevitas and began his march countward.

The next campaiga was that of Lesca, who marched from Guanaja to relieve Puerto Principe in the Central Depar ment, where the Spanish garrison was besieged by the insurgents under Quesada. The new leader brought to the work a more powerful force than had previously been collected by the government, and he set out with loud declarations of his purpose to exterminate the rebels wherever he should meet them. The result was identical with that which had come upon Valmaseda. He was assailed by invisible enemies at every step, and after a long, ardinous, and circuitous advance, in which he nowhere got a chauce fairly to strike his foe, he entered Puerto Principe, having lost 31 officers and 189 soldiers killed, and more than 400 wounded, besides two-thirds of the convoy of ammunition and provisions, and all the money that he had taken with him. Since then he, too, has been shut up in the place he came to relieve, worse off and in greater danger than his predecessor.

The third and last

western part of the Central Department. One column of 2000 men, under General Escalante, marched from Alvarez, in the District of Sagna; one of 1000, under Buceta, from Villa Clara; and the third of 1000, under Letona, proceeded northward from Trimidad. These columns met with a similar experience. They found no organized bodies of rebels in their way, but they were annoyed by partisan attacks which they could neither prevent nor punish. Of the losses of Escalante and Buceta we have no information; but those of Letona amounted to three hundred, nearly one-third of his whole force. But the worst of it for the Spaniards is, that they gained nothing whatever by the undertaking. If they could have brought the insurgents to battle and killed or captured them, it would have been something to a unterbalance their losses. But an enemy who cannot be seen or fired at, and who not only free at you from every mountain path and plantation road,

This third movement doubtless ends the active efforts of the Spaniards for the present see son. There was a report of a battle near Remedios, but it is doubtless an exaggeration. The Cubans have not fought a regular battle, and do not mean to. The rains which are now beginning, and which will last through the next three months, will render the country impracticable for the Spaniards. Every road will become a quagmire, and only the natives can get about at all. The Spaniards will therefore have to withdraw. Even their arrisons at such places as Bayamo and Puerto Principe, will doubtless be moved to the sea coast from the impossibility of supporting them inland.

SHINGLER—VENNING.—In this city, on the 21st inst., by the Rov. A. T. Pohren, W. PINCKNEY SHINGLER to SUSAN B., eldest daughter of WM LUCAS VENNING, all of this city.

### Wbituarn.

"Of such is the Kinglom of Heaven."

COHEN.—Sud lenly on the 6th instant, in the 60th year of her age, the mortal spirit of Mrs. CORDELIA M. COHEN, the beloved wife of Dr. P. MELVIN COHEN, the beloved wife of Dr. P. MELVIN COHEN, winged its flight to her Creator.

In the various relations of lite, as wife, mother and friend, she stood pre-emittent. Her entire life was devoted to the promotion of the happiness of all endeared to her, and, in her official capacity as President of the "Hebrew Ladler Benevolent Society," the poor of Israel will long remember the kind and noble manner to which she delighted to dispense her charities. Ordinary language fails to portray the character of this noble daughter of Israel. Possessed of the divine accomplishments of poetry and music, she formed a Corninhian column of society's edifice, and long will Israel's dark-eyed daughters sing her choral hymns to praise of the All-wise and Great Jehovah.

The purity and beauty of her life was well delineated in the remarks of the Rev. Mr. Chumactro, on the sad occasion. He feelingly and truthfully said: "Have I to bring to your memory this dear departed, who but a few hours ago, was the pride of her husband, children, a great number of friends, and, we may add, the pride of Fract?"

"Poesy in all her words, works and actions was her grae and beauty. Every faithful mother in Israel will hand it over to her child, and thus praise her grae and beauty for all eternty. I have endeavored to speak of her according to her merits, according to the gratitude which every true Israelite has to tender her. I will not dare to praise her as wife, mother and friend, for every one who is here assembled and knew her has to confess that she was the most perfect among the imperfect."

"I have to remain silent in regard to her virtues, devotion and love which she exhibited in social life."

"What my heart cannot produce at this moment I will find in the utterance of her heart:

"Great God of the faithful, unto

"Great God of the faithful, unto Thee, thee alone, Must we bow in submission Before thy great throne."

Lord and Creator, in whom she trusted, lived and died."
"Shall we mourn the destruction of the greatness of this daughter of Israel? We will unite in the tears of her husband and children for the destruction of their temple of love. As exiles they are left on earth, their greatness and pride have become a ruin. But the Great God of the faithful, in His everlasting mercy, will have pity on these orphans. He will bring these exiles, husband and children, to the land of promise in Heaven, and there, united with the faithful one, will offer unto their Heavenly Father her song and psaim:

the 25th instant. April 24

Rev. Dr. HICK's, To-Monnow Evening, at Eight

VICE will be held in this Church To-Mon aow Monn-

DUCIED in the Orphan's Chapel, on SABBATH AFTERNOON, at Four o'clock, by the Rev. R. P. April 24

Evening service—seats free as usual.
April 24

April 24 BALTIMORE, APRIL 21, 1869. - NO-

nection with our house as travelling agent, and hi authority to collect money due us, ceases from this DARBY & CO., Wholesale Fruiterers and Confectioners. MERCANTILE CO-OPERATIVE ASSO-

at the time of purchase.

ager at the store. L. C. HENDRICKS,
April 24 smw3 Fecretary and Treasurer ANTICE.-OFFICE OF CORONER OF THE PRETENCES UNDER WHICH CUBANS ARE

CHARLESTON COUNTY, APRIL 24, 1869.—During my temporary absence from the State, E. M. WHI ING. Han. Coroner for the Parishes of St. Philip duties of my office at No. 51 BROAD-STREET. April 84 TIMOTHY HUBLEY.

APRIL .19, 1869.—LICENSES TO BETAIL SPIRIT DOUS LIQUORS IN THE COUNTY -All perso neglect will be rigidly enforced.

will be dealt with accordingly. By order of the Board. F. C. MILLER, April 20 11 Chatra

April 20 tuthes Secretary of the Treasury. centum will be paid on and after THIS DAY to depositors, at the office of the institution, No. 8

day (Sundays excepted) from Nine o'clock A. Y. to Two o'clock P. M., and no payment will be made out of business hours. The payments will continue

PORCHER—FABER—On the morning of the 221, by the Rev. W. B. W. Howe, ALEXANDER M. PORCHER, of St. John's Berkeley, and MARY MARGARET, eldest daughter of the late JOSEPH W.

"No mortal can offer her family consolation; this is only left to the Great God of the faithful, to her Lord and Creator, in whom she trusted, lived and

"The eyes of all shall wait on Thee, For perfect are thy ways, And pious hearts united be, O Maker, in thy praise." AMÍCUS.

### Special Motices.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH .-There will be no Service in this Church To-Morbow,

43 UNITARIAN CHURCH .- DIVINE SERrse, at half-past Ten o'clock, and at Eight o'clock at NIGHT. Preaching by the Rev. RUFUS P. CULLER. Subject at night-"The Christ of the Christian

DIVINE SERVICE WILL BE CON-

ACCITADEL SQUARE BAPTIST CHURCH. Services on Sunday Monning at Half-past Ten o'clock—in the Evening at Eight,

TICE.-MR. CHARLES H. KEMEFETTER'S COM

CTATION.—CHARLESTON, S. C., APRIL 24, 1869. to pay to them, on and after the 1st proximo, a discount of FIVE PER CENT. on all purchases made by them from the opening of the store to 30th instant; the same to be paid in goods, and in accordance with

On and after the 1st proximo, the same rate of dis count will be allowed to all purchasing shareholders

thirty days, in purchasing, upon depositing their Stock Certificate, as collateral security, in accordance with the conditions required by the Board; all information as to which can be obtained of the man

and St. Michael's, and Magistrate, will attend to the

FRANCISCA WERNER, wife of HENRY WERNER, of Walterboro', merchant, will, in one month from ate, carry on trade and business as a sole trader. 88, 43, may8" OFFICE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS REPROOF BUILDING, CHARLESTON, S. C.

who have failed to take out their Licenses, as re quired by the act of the General Assembly, are called apon to do se forthwith, or the penalty attached to All who neglect to take out their Licenses on the ast May proximo, will be considered defaulters, and

per annum in gold. (Signed)

OF CHARLESTON SAVINGS INSTITU-TON\_BINSE SETTLEMENT.—In accordance with the decretal order of the Court of Equity, the see and and last instalment of four and seven-tenths per

BENRY S. GRIGGS 10 stuthie Treasurer C. S. I.

### Special Notices.

THE PLANTERS' AND MECHANICS' BANK OF SOUTH CAROLINA .- The Election of DIRECTORS for the ensuing year will be held in the office of the Bank, East Bay, on Monday, the 34 of May ensuing. Polls to be open from 11 o'clock A. M. to 1 o'clock P. M. W. E. HASKELL,

April 24 stufs 4 NOTICE .- HAVING NOTICED IN your issue of yesterday the "Larceny of a Gold Watch and Chain," by a William Rivers, I hereby nform my friends and the public that said notice has no reference to me. WILLIAM RIVERS. No. 55 Rutledge, four doors above Line street. April 24

AST COMMON SENSE RULES THE MASS of the people, whatever the misnamed and misanthropic philosophers may say to the contrary. Show them a good thing, let its merits be clearly demonstrated, and they will not hesitate to give it their most cordial patronage. The masses have already ratified the judgment of a physician concerning the virtues of HOSTETTER'S BITTERS, as may be seen in the immense quantities of this medicine that are annually sold in every section of the land. It is now recognized as greatly superior to all other remedie yet devised for diseases of the digestive organs, such as diarrhœa, dys ntery, dyspepsis, and for the various fevers that arise from deraugement of those portions of the system Hostetter's name is ranidly ecoming a household word, from Maine to Texas, rom the shcres of the Atlantic to the Pacific. These celebrated STOMACH BITTERS have doubtless created as much sensation in the community for their remarkable cures as any other medicine extant. It s a fact that in the minds of many persons a prejudice exists against what are called patent medicines; but why should this prevent you resorting to an ar ticle that has such an array of testimony to support it AS HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. Physicians precribe it; why should you discard it? Judges, usualy considered men of talent, have and do use it in their families; why should you reject it? Let not your prejudicé usurp your reason, to the everlasting inury of your health. It is the only preparation of the kind that is reliable in all cases, and it is therefore worthy of the consideration of the afflicted. The BITTERS are pleasant to the taste, agreeable in their effects, and altogether valuable as a tonic or

ATTENTION! FIREMEN OF CHARLESTON.—Received in Stock, expressly for he parade, as follows: BLACK CASSIMERE PANTS......\$3 00 to \$3 50 White Linen Pants...... 2 50 to 3 00 French Calf Boots..... 5 00 to 6 00 White Gloves, assorted. White and Red Flannel Shirts, &c., &c.

B. FOLEY, April 23 3# No. 85 Market-street HOW OFTEN DO YOU HEAR THE omplaint from mother and father that their son or laughter is not well; that they have no appetite; that they feel languid; that their head aches; that they are growing thin and feeble, and that they have no life or energy left? That they are low-spirited. nd perfectly incapacitated to participa'e in any pleasures, or perform any mental or physical duty.

MAGNOLIA WATER .- Superior to the best imported German Cologue, and sold at half the price.

April 20 tuthe8

them? or, what shall I give them? Gur answer is,

SARATOGA "A" SPRING WATER. Saratoga, in the State of New York, is one of the most remarkable mineral reservoirs upon the surface of the globe. Within an area of a mile in diameter are some thirty mineral springs-no two of them alike. In some of the waters, Chloride of Sodium these waters, as medicinal agents, are known throughout the civilized world. Probably one hundred thousand persons visit these Springs annually. Many hundred thousand bottles of the water are transported and consumed in the various localities

of the country.

The SARATOGA "A" SPRING WATER is probably the most effective mineral water found on either continent. It will be observed that it has ter

effects in diseases of the stomach, liver, bowels, kidneys, and spleen, and acts with wonderful benefit in cases of Chronic Dyspersia, Constipation, Gravel, Gout, Scrofula, Cutaneous Affections, Gene-ial Lethargy, Soreness, and Prostration of the sys-The value of mineral waters has been prized and

civilization. A celebrated authority says: "The vir tues of mineral waters have been best shown in the Agent for the Saratoga "A" Spring Water,

No. 21 Park Row, New York. Sold in Charleston, S. C., by G. W. AIMAB, W. A. SERINE, RAOUL & LYNAH, A. W. ECKEL & CO., ED. S. BURNHAM and Dr. H. BAER. February 28 Dao tuthesow3mos

CHARLES' LONDON CORDIAL GIN. OR PURE LIQUOR OF JUNIPER BERRIES .- This favorite brand of PUBE LONDON CORDIAL GIN has stood the test of time, imitation, piracy, high tariffs and unfair competition, and still enjoys a constantly increasing sale; showing that true merit does not always go unappreciated.

Is offered to the public as a perfectly reliable speci-fic in all cases of Diseased Bladder and Kidneys. It acts directly on these organs, with a directhese and speculness, which render it invaluable to persons suffering from Gravel, Disbetes, Inflamed, Bladder, canty and highly-colored urine, and in all cases where, from whatever cause, a healthful diuretic i

Ladies subject to painful menstruction, can by the use of CORDIAL GIN a few days previous to and during illness obtain great relief. In such instances it should be taken with sugar and warm water. As a tonic and beverage this GIN is unequalled, as

For sale in Charleston, South Carolina, by Dr. H. BARR, RAOUL & LYNAH, W. A. SKRINE, G. W. AIMAR, ED. S. BURNHAM and A. W. LOKEL & QQ. tuthseo & mos DAC February 23 NO CURE! NO PAY!-FORRES I'S JUNIPER TAR is warranted to cure Coughs, Croup. Hoarseness, Sore Throst, Spitting of Blood and Lung Diseases. Immediate relief produced. Try it; if not satisfied, return the empty bottles and get

your money back. Sold wholesale and Retail by the Agent, G. W. AIMAR, Druggist, Corner Eing and Vanderhorst streets.

ebruary 27 Dao tuikesmos F ERBORS OF YOUTH, A GENTLE AN who suffered for years from Nervous Debility.

send free to all who need it, the receipt and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertis-er's experience, can do so by addressing, in periect onfidence,

FOR LIVERPOOL. THE FINE AMERICAN SHIP AMELIA Berny Master, is now ready for cargo, and being of small capacity will have dispatch

EXCURSIONS AROUND THE HARBOR.

FOR NEW YORK.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

THE FIBST CLASS IRON SCREW
Steamship MARMORA, R. M. RonINSON Commander, is now ready
to receive Freight for the above port,
to sail on or about 5th of May.
For Freight engagements, apply to
ROBERT MURE & CO.,
April 21

Boyce's Wharf.

April 21

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPY'S

THROUGH LINE TO
CALIFORNIA. OHINA AND JAPAN.
CHANGE OF SAILING DAYS!
STEAMERS OF THE ABOVE line leave Pier No. 42, North Rivex; foot of Canal-street, New York, ar 12 o'clock noon, of the let, 11th and 21st of every month (except when tuese cates fallen Bunday, then the Saturday preceding).
Departure of 1st and 21st connect at Panama with steamers for Bouth Pacific and Central America's ports. Those of 1st touch at Muzzunillo.
Departure of 11th of each month connects with the new steam line from Panama to Australia and New Zealand.
Steamship JAPAN leaves for Tendent Touch Steamship JAPAN leaves for Tendent Tendent Touch Steamship JAPAN leaves for Tendent And the question is often asked, what shall I do for let them try PLANTATION BITTERS moderately

For Passage Tickets or further information apply at the COMPANY'S TICKET OFFICE, on the wharf, foot of Canal-street, North Biver, New York.

March 12 lyr F. R. BABY, Agent.

EXTRA TRIP TO SAVANNAH THE ELEGANT STEAMER DICTATOR, Captain WM. T. MONNIAT, will, in addition to her regular trip, leave Charleston on SATURDAY EVENINGS, at 8 o'clock for Savannah. Returning, will leave Savannah at 4 o'clock SUNDAY AFTERNOONS, for Charleston.

J. D. AIKEN & CO.,

Aveil 24

FOR CHERAW

THE STEAMER PILOT BOY, CAPTAIN FERN PECK, will leave Accommodation Wharf every Mondar and Thursday Monn,
nogs, at 8 o'clock, touching at Beaufort only;
esturning will leave savannab Tuesday and FRIDAY,
touching the savannab Tuesday and FRIDAY, eturning will leave bayannah Tugsday and Farnat t 9 o'clock A. M., making the trip in eleven hours. The Steamer Fannic, captall abaik will leav tharleston every Wednesday Momming at 8 o'cloc ouching at Edisto, Chisolm's Land'n; Beaufort ar

igs.
Will touch at Bluffton on the second WEDNESDA

April 6

Accommodation Wharf.

FOR PALATKA, FLORIDA,

VIA: BAVANNAH, FERNANDINA AND JACKSON
VILLE.

THE FIRST-CASS STEAMED

THE FIRST-CASS STEAMED

THE GIBST-CASS STEAMED

AND Clock, for the above points.

The first-class Steamer Oilty Points, Captain Geo, at Eight o'clock, for above points.

The first-class Steamer Oilty Points, Captain Geo, at Eight o'clock, for above points.

Connecting with the Central Railroad at Savannah for Mobile and New Orleans, and with the FloridaRailroad at Fernandina for Cedar Keys, at which point steamers connect with New Orleans, Mobile, Pensacola, Key West and Havana.

Through Bills-Lading given for Freight to Mobile, Pensacola and New Orleans.

Connecting with H. S. Hart's steamers Oclassaha and Griffin for Siteer Springs and Laket Criffin, Essatis, Harris and Durham.

All freight physible on the wharf.
Goods not removed at sunset will be stored at ris and expense of owners.

T. HUMPHREYS, BROKER, AUCTIONEER AND COMMIS-

SION MERCHANT.

No. 87 BROAD-STREET. CHABLESTON, S. C.

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CERETAL COMMISSION AGENTS: Will attend to Renting and Collecting of Rents and purchase and sale of Stocks, Bonds, Gold, Silver and Real Estate.

THE SUMTER NEWS.

PUBLISHED AT SUMTER, S. Q. P. EV ONE OF THE BEST PAPERS IN THE UP O COUNTRY, has a large circulation, and affords apperture advantages as an advertising modiant. Terms low. Address UARR & OSTREM, Proprietors.

SIX DOLLARS PER ANNUM Shipping.

engagements apply to
PATTERSON & STOCK,
tuths South Atlantic Wharf.

TO LOAD FOR PROVIDENCE, R. I.

New York, Boston, New Haven, Conn.,
Elizabetiport, and South Amboy, N. J.

Glood rates and dispatch given.

Apply to

April 19

No. 20 Cumberland street.

THE FINE, FAST SAILING AND COMFORTABLY appointed Yacht ELEANOR
will resume her trips to historic points in
the barbor, and will leave Government
Wharf daily at Ten A. M. and Four P. M.
For Passage apply to THOMAS YOUNG.
December 18 Captain, on board.

Captain C. RYDER, will leave Vanderhorst's Wharf on WEDNESDAY, derhorst's Wharf on WEDNESDAY, April 28, 1869, at -0 'clock A. M. April 23 RAVENEL & OO., Agenta,

FOR NEW YORK. CABIN PASSAGE \$26.

THE SPLENDID SIDE WHEEL STEAMSHIPS of this Line will leave Adger's South Wharf, during the month of April, as follows; JAMES ADGER—TUESDAY, April 16, at 2 o'clock P M CHAMPION—SATURDAY, April 16, at 4 o'clock P M CHARLESTON—TUESDAY April 13, at 8 o'clock A M MANHATTAN—SATURDAY, April 20, at 12 o'clock M CHAMPION—SATURDAY, April 20, at 12 o'clock M MANHATIAN, April 20, at 12 o'clock M CHAMPION—SATURDAY, April 20, at 12 o'cl

THE STEAMER GENERAL MANIGAULT, Captain Cordes, is now receiving Freight at South Atlantic Wharf for the
above Landings, and will leave Wednesday Mornino, 28th instant.

For Freight engagements, apply to
SHACKELFORD & KELLY,
April 24

INLAND ROUTE.
ONLY TWO AND A HALF HOURS AT SEA.
THROUGH TICKETS TO FLORIDA.
CHARLESION AND SAVANNAH STEAM PACKET

Hilton Head; returning, leave Savannah every Tr DAY, at 2 o'clock P. M., wuching at the above

SALES OF REAL ESTATE, STOCKS, BONDS, SE. CURITIES AND PERSONAL PROPERTY ATTENDED . TO.

Hon. HENRY BUIST, W. J. MAGRATH, Req

HOLMES & MACBETH.

# THE STATE SUPREME COURT. THE ARGUMENT OF THE GREAT NEGRO BOND CASE.

WASHINGTON. A PRECIOUS ROW IN THE BADICAL FAMILY-

-ADJOURNMENT OF THE SENATE.

During yesterday evening Abbott threaten-

much confusion he was allowed to say in explanation: "I will state that I am not a duellist. I was not educated as a duellist, and I did not mean that sort of a thing; but I meant to say that the senator from Rhode Island must make a retraction as broad as the assertion (order!) and that I shall have that satisfaction outside of this chamber in some way.

The expected interview between the Presi-

Colonel Mix, for thirty years chief clerk of the Indian Bureau, has been displaced. Receipts from customs from the 12th to the

men for extra labor, but not pay full prices for Secretary Boutwell will open and consider

every Thursday until further notice. kers whom the President nominated as Indian

THE SPANISH THRONE-THE CORTES DIVIDED ON THE SUBJECT. MADRID, April 21 .- Another informal meet ing of the members of the majority in the Cortes was held to-day to nominate a candidate for the throne. So great was the diversity of opinion that the meeting broke up with out result, leaving members more widely divid-

throughout the proceedings. His conduct has given rise to widespread belief that he would be unwilling to accept the Presidency of the Spanish Republic.

It is expected the government will abolish The Cortes is considering the project for th reorganization of the army on the Prussian DISCOVERY OF A MAZZINIAN CONSPIRACY.

The gunboat Seminole has sailed from Bostop for Cuba.

LATER. - Sountor Sprague rode out as usual

EUROPE.

Prim, who was also present, remained silent

—It has become fashionable for Parisian ladies to wear wigs made of floss silk.

THE CUBAN REVOLUTION.

but holds the country after you have passed through it, is a very inconvenient enemy indeed. This third movement doubtless ends the A Special Agent Dispatched to Cuba by

The Filibusters.

Advertiser of the 19th instant, says :

The New York Herald says:

Now they have established themselves firmly

that they will not give up the contest for that reason. They are exceedingly pertinacious, and will fight for years after all hope of success is abandoned. Letter from an Influential Cuban-The Island Crenched with Blood-The Mob Looking Forward to the Bay of General Massacre. The New York Sun publishes the following letter:

Havana, April 10.—I take pleasure in writing these lines to the good brother, since, thank God, I may count myself yet among the living, even if only half alive. My principal object is to press upon you the necessity of untiring perseverance for the prompt remittance to us of aid in arms and war material, because if these do not reach us very quickly, and in abundance, we shall perish all. Against everything Cuban there exists an implacable hatred, and there is a thirst for blood and extermination. MURDERS OF UNPARALLELED ATROCITY.

Assasinations multiply daily; there is not the least personal security, and we are all doomed to death. You have probably heard already of the assassinations perpetrated in Macuriges by the commender of volunteers, Durante; those at Colon, Palmillas and other places by the sadly distinguished Chapelgorris; that at Cardenas by Don Felipe Pelayo, upon the person of Don Geronimo Valladares, after piercing him with ten bullets only for the pleasure of killing him, and a mulatto, and robbing them of all the objects of value they had. His corpse was dragged to the barracks, and there his breast was twice pierced with the bayonet. In Bemba they killed Don Antonio Cadiz, Don Loreta Inda, and many others with whose names I am not acquainted.

with whose names I am not acquainted. THE ASSASSINATION OF YOUNG OLIVA. THE ASSASSINATION OF YOUNG OLIVA.

I c annot omit mentioning here the virtuous and industrious young man Don Nicolas Oliva, murdered in Bemba in the most cowardly and barbarous manner. At four o'clock in the morning he left his home, leaving his old mother, his wife and two children, one of these a child twenty days old. He went out to his work to earn the bread for those beings whose existence relied entirely upon the work of his hands. At about six squares from his house he was murdered, having his back pierced with bayonets, and he was also robbed in the name of sacred love for Spain. It saddens the soul to hear of such shocking deeds, too numerous to hear of such shocking deeds, too numerous to relate. It is unnecessary to tell you that all this is done by the rabble, without country, virtue, or honor, called the volunteers, "the supporters of order."

THE LIVING MUMMY COWEBING BEFORE HIS MOB.

Dulce is a coward, who trembles before the

volunteers, and approves their acts of vandalism. Still he has been been put into such a fix by the commissions of volunteers who have come from Colon, Cardenas, Matanzas and other places, to exact from him the dismissal of their governors, that with all haste he ordered a body of artiller; from the seat of war to garrison the Moro and the Cabana, and for the garrison at Matanzas he called the batalton de Napoles (battalion of Naples.) THE VOLUNTEERS DEMANDING BLOOD. men, being both honest, refused to deliver him. The murmur continued thus for several days, until the Governor one day sent the pris-oner to the capital at break of day. As soon as they heard of it three companies of those barbarous men went to the Plaza de Armas (a square in Matanzas) to demand that the pris-oner he delivered up to them.

oner be delivered up to them. PINTO COURAGEOUSLY DEFIES THEM. Seno Lopez Pinto went down to the Plaza and tried to pacify them, but the mob did not understand reason. Finally, losing all patience, he drew his sword and told them he would break it into a hundred pieces sooner than consent to be bullied by such a mob. Thereupon they took their stand at the Casino, and in the evening they came to Havana by the train, fifty of them, the brave men, commanded by Tonrodon, and well equipped and manded by Tourodon, and well equipped and armed, to ask the Captain-General for the de livery into their hands of the prisoner, that they might take him back to Matanzis. For

they might take him back to matanzis. For-tunately the live mummy would not consent to it; but on the following day Colonels Ramon, Herrera, Valdivielso and Rizo bad to go to Ma-tanzas, worthy chief truly of those hordes, in order to catisfy, tame down, and please the A DAY OF MOURNING IN HAVANA. Yesterday was a day of mourning for this city, not only because the brave martyrs of their country, Leon and Medina, suffered death by the vite garote (and they died like heroes, crying out "Long live Cuba free and independent,") but also because the brave volunteers, indignant at such a display of courage and heroism, gave vent to their feelings by firing indiscriminately and charging with the bayonet into the defenceless multitude. Different reports estimate the tumber of killed, wounded, and injured at from six to twenty. The volunteers boast of having hacked to pieces, in his own house, an unfortunate father of a family who lived in that neighborhood.

Of course, as on other previous occasions, they pretend that seditious cries were uttered, and that shots were fired from the terraces; but the only things to account for these acts are the ferceity and their thirst for Cuban thood. When I listen to the n to-day relating their exploits against defenceless men, and announcing that the "great day" (general massacre) is close at hand, I can scarcely keep my hands from tearing them to pieces. They have made many arrests and will continue with their murders. Finally, Spain dees not govern here, nor Dulce, nor the Spaniards who are established here and have families. The country is at the mercy of the worst kind of "canaille;" cartamen, porters, and vagabonds, daily excited and oxasperated by the newspapers; they think and desine only to kill us all, and afterward divide the neoty. The picture is a sad one, and badly made, but a true one. If the great people of the United States do not aid us quinkly, we shall have many horrors to lament. The insurgents of the five cities are doing that which would seem insredible. For the attack upon Sigusnea along, the government sent against them 11,000 troops and artillery. We should make a contract for a streng loau, with mortgages of all our property. SHALL THESE ATROCTTIESLONGER BE TOLKRATED ?

KILLED.

The contract of the French Government for Virginia tobacco has been awarded to two houses in New York. The order is for about eight themsand hogsheads. Three qualities of tobacco are usually bought; a first-rate article of lugs, short leaf, and leaf of good quality. This tobacco is bought for the purpose of being manufactured into souff. The samif made of it is of the celebrated "Macaboy" brand, a coarse souff highly flavored, and almost universally used in France, and the scoret of the manufacture of which is carefully kept. Sweet, sound tobacco is bought for this contract, and is in that respect different from the order from Germany, to fill which "funked" tobacco is preferred. -A dispatch to the Philadelphia Press states that the instructions for Minister Motley are now in course of preparation. They will, in effect, make the demands on the British Government foreshadowed in Schater Sumper's recent speech on the Alabama question. Ex-Attorney General Evarts and Cushing, who are thoroughly posted regarding the history of the negotiations, which have thus far resulted in nothing, are rendering valuable aid in their preparation.

# Married.

"Of such is the Kingdom of Heaven." the impossibility of supporting them inland. Then the yellow fever will begin its work, and the small Spanish army cannot fail to be greatly weakened by this cause in the course of the COHEN .- Sud lenly on the 6th instant, in the

remedy for indigestion.
April 24 DAG

AT A SERMON WILL BE PREACHED efore the Young Men's Christian Association at the German Lutheran Church, Archdale-street, by o'clock. Seats free. The public are respectfully

BG-ST. JOHN'S LUCHERAN CHURCH ervice at half-past Ten o'clock To-Morrow Morro NG, by Rev. W. W. HICKS, and in the Evening at

The Stockho'ders of this Association are hereby in

All shareholders desiring it may enjoy a credit s

AND NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT

OF TREASURY DEPARTMENT, APRIL 4TH, 1869.—Notice is hereby given that the INTER-EST COUPONS, payable on the first day of July next, wist be gaid on presentation at the proper offices upon a rebate of interest, at the rate of six per cent

HURCH-STREET. TUESDAYS and THURSDAYS will be specially devotd to the payment of females. Males will be attend The Deposit Books must be surrendered, as this is the final settlement. The office will be opened every

three times a day, and our word for it they will re

per cent, greater mineral properties than the celebrated Congress Spring; four times that of Baden-Baden of Austria; five times that of Aix is Chapelle in Prussia; twice that of Vichy in France; nearly three times greater than the renowned Seltzer of Germany; and equally over the Spas of Bath, England, and Kissengen in Bayaris. The reputation of this water is based upon its

cknowledged by medical men since the earliest treatment of obscure and chronic diseases."

CHARLES' LONDON CORDIAL GIN

it possesses none of the headache properties to be found in those poisons, now too frequently sold under the names of Gin, Brandy, Whiskey, &c. JOEN F. HENRY, Sole Importer, No. 21 Park How, New York.

Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful in-discretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity,

AT ESSAYS FOR YOUNG MEN.—ON THE Errors and abuses incident to Youth and Early Many hood with the humane view of treatment and cure sent by mail free of charge. Address HOWABI ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Ps.

January 20

VESSELS WANTED

REGULAR LINE EVERY WEDNESDAY PASSAGE \$20.

CHARLESTON AND LIVERPOOL STEAMSHIP

NEW YORK AND CHARLESTON STEAMSHIP LINE.

Steamship JaPAN leaves San Francisco for China and Japan May 4, 1869. No California steamers touch at Havana. but so direct from New York to Aspinwall. One hundred pounds baggage tree to each ade a dedicine and attendance free.

April 24 AND ALL LANDINGS ON PEEDEE RIVER.

in every month, going and returning.

For Freight or Passage apply to
JOHN FERGUSON,

April 6

Accommodation Wharf.

and expense of owners.

For Freight or Passage engagement, apply to
J. D. AIKEN & CO., Aganta,

Nouth Atlantic Wharf.

N. B.—No extra charge for Meals and Stateroom

November 21

BROKERS, AUCTIONERES, BEAL HETATE

To the Purchase of Goods and Supplies for parties in the country upon reasonable terms.

GEORGE L. HOLMES......ALEXANDER MAGNETICAL JABULETY 1 NO BUSINESS MEN.